

Architect Enterprise Applications with Java EE

Oracle - Java & Dev

- Nível:
- Duração: 30h

Sobre o curso

This Architect Enterprise Applications with Java EE training teaches you how to develop robust architectures for enterprise Java applications. Learn how to use Java Platform, Enterprise Edition (Java EE) technology.

Learn How To:

- Define the Enterprise Architect's roles, responsibilities and deliverables.
- Identify non-functional requirements (NFRs) and describe common problems and solutions.
- Translate business requirements into an architecture.
- Weigh choices in architecting the client, web, business, integration and data tiers.
- Apply various evaluation criteria to choosing architectural elements and patterns, tools, servers and frameworks.

Benefits to You

By enrolling in this course, you'll understand how Enterprise Java applications developed using the architecture as a guideline can accommodate rapid change and growth. Expert Oracle University instructors will help you explore the technical context of the Java EE and relevant technologies.

Strategies to Create Application Blueprints

You'll also learn the strategies needed to create application blueprints that work well when implementing Java EE technologies. These strategies include effective decision-making through the use of non-functional qualities (such as scalability and flexibility), Java EE technology blueprints and design patterns.

Objetivos

• Make good use of Java EE component technologies to solve typical problems in system architecture

- Derive software systems using techniques outlined in the Java EE Blueprint and solutions defined in the Java EE Patterns
- Address quality-of-service requirements in a cost-effective manner using engineering trade-off techniques
- Describe the role of the architect and the products an architect delivers
- · List and describe typical problems associated with large-scale enterprise systems

Pré-requisitos

Required Prerequisite

- Describe distributed computing and communication concepts
- Describe, in outline form, all Java EE technologies, including Enterprise JavaBeans, servlets, JavaServer Pages, and JavaServer Faces
- Perform analysis and design of object-oriented software systems
- Use a notation, such as the UML, for modeling object-oriented systems

Programa

- Introducing Enterprise Architecture
- Introducing Fundamental Architectural Concepts
- Developing a Security Architecture
- Understanding Non-Functional Requirements
- Defining Common Problems and Solutions: Risk Factors and System Flexibility
- Defining Common Problems and Solutions: Network, Transaction and Capacity Planning
- Java EE 7 Overview
- Developing an Architecture for the Client Tier
- Developing an Architecture for the Web Tier
- Developing an Architecture for the Business Tier
- Developing an Architecture for the Integration and Resource Tiers
- Evaluating the Software Architecture

Introducing Enterprise Architecture

- What is Enterprise Architecture?
- An Architect's Roles and Responsibilities

Introducing Fundamental Architectural Concepts

- Distinguish between architecture and design
- Architectural Patterns
- Architectural Deliverable Artifacts
- What is an Enterprise Architecture Framework
- 4 + 1 View Model
- Architectural Modeling Using UML
- Architecture Workflow
- What is an Enterprise Architecture Framework

Developing a Security Architecture

- Analyzing the Impact of Security in Distributed Computing
- Examining Security in the Java EE Technology
- Understanding Web Services Security

Understanding Non-Functional Requirements

- Examining Non-Functional Requirements (NFRs)
- Common Practices for Improving Qualities
- Prioritizing Quality-of-Service (QoS) Requirements
- Inspecting QoS Requirements for Trade-offs

Defining Common Problems and Solutions: Risk Factors and System Flexibility

- Identifying Risk Factors
- Designing a Flexible Object Model

Defining Common Problems and Solutions: Network, Transaction and Capacity Planning

- Describing Network Communication Guidelines
- Justifying the Use of Transactions
- Planning System Capacity

Java EE 7 Overview

- Describe the new features in Java EE 7
- Describe the impact of Java EE 7 features on J2EE, Java EE 5 and 6 architectures

Developing an Architecture for the Client Tier

- Client Tier Development Roles
- Information Architecture Client Concerns
- Selecting User Interface Devices and Technologies
- Discovering Reusability in the Client Tier

- Deployment Strategies for the User Interface
- Security Concerns in the Client Tier
- Testing

Developing an Architecture for the Web Tier

- Responsibilities of the Web Tier
- Seperation of Concerns
- Comparing Web Tier Frameworks
- Providing Security in the Web Tier
- Scaling the Web Tier

Developing an Architecture for the Business Tier

- Business Tier Technologies
- Architecting the Domain Model
- Development Best Practices

Developing an Architecture for the Integration and Resource Tiers

- Examining Enterprise Information System Integration
- Reviewing Java Integration Technologies
- Applying Integration Patterns
- Examining Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA)

Evaluating the Software Architecture

- Evaluating Software Architectures
- Evaluating Java EE Technologies
- Creating System Prototypes
- Selecting Servers and Frameworks